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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/687,864	10/13/2000	Jeffrey A. Ledbetter	034474.0003 UTLI	1294
	590 11/17/2004		EXAMINER	
BUCHANAN INGERSOLL, P.C. ONE OXFORD CENTRE, 301 GRANT STREET			PARKIN, JEFFREY S	
20TH FLOOR		IKEEI	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
PITTSBURGH,	, PA 15219		1648	
			DATE MAILED: 11/17/2004	<b>!</b>

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/687,864	LEDBETTER ET AL.  Art Unit			
Office Action Summary	Examiner				
	Jeffrey S. Parkin, Ph.D.	1648			
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	n appears on the cover sheet with	n the correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR F THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 ( after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicati - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ION.  FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a repon.  a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty period will apply and will expire SIX-(6) MONTH statute, cause the application to become ABA	oly be timely filed  (30) days will be considered timely.  15 from the mailing date of this communication.			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	03 August 2004				
3) Since this application is in condition for al		S. Drosecution as to the merite is			
closed in accordance with the practice un					
Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>15-21,23,24 and 26-30</u> is/are pe	nding in the application				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are wit					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>15-21,23,24 and 26-30</u> is/are rej	ected.				
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction a	and/or election requirement.	_			
Application Papers	:				
9) The specification is objected to by the Exa	miner.				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)		the Examiner.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co		* *			
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for	eign priority under 35 U.S.C. & 1	19(a)-(d) or (f).			
a) All b) Some * c) None of:	3   , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(4) (4) 5. (1).			
1. Certified copies of the priority docur	ments have been received.				
2. Certified copies of the priority docur		lication No.			
3. Copies of the certified copies of the					
application from the International Bu					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a	. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	ceived.			
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Attachment(s)					
) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Sur	nmary (PTO-413)			
P) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948	B) Paper No(s)/N	Mail Date			
<ul> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/S Paper No(s)/Mail Date 022301/082103.</li> </ul>	3/08) 5) Notice of Info	mal Patent Application (PTO-152)			

Serial No.: 09/687,864 Docket No.: 49076.000002.UTL1

Applicants: Ledbetter, J., et al. Filing Date: 10/13/00

### Detailed Office Action

#### Status of the Claims

Applicants' election of Group I (claims 15-22, 26, 27, 28, and 30) in the last communication is acknowledged. Because applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the purported errors in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (refer to M.P.E.P. § 818.03(a)). Applicants are further advised that the restriction requirement set forth in the last office action clearly specified that each receptor binding component consisted of an independent and distinct invention. This was NOT a species election, but rather a restriction requirement. Upon further review of the prior art, the has decided to rejoin the various CD40-binding polypeptides (e.g., immunoglobulin, single chain Fv, CD154) into a single group. The rejoinder only extends to the CD40-binding polypeptides and not other receptor binding domain molecules. Accordingly, claims 15-21, 23, 24, and 26-30 are under examination.

### 37 C.F.R. § 1.98

The information disclosure statements filed 23 February, 2001, and 26 August, 2003, have been placed in the application file and the information referred to therein has been considered.

## 37 C.F.R. § 1.75(c)

Claim(s) 27 is objected to under 37 C.F.R. § 1.75(c), as being of improper dependent form for failing to further limit the subject matter of a previous claim. Applicant is required to cancel the claim(s), or amend the claim(s) to place the claims in proper dependent form, or rewrite the claim(s) in independent form. The claim limitations fail to provide any further meaningful limitations on the claimed subject. The claim simply stipulates

that the protein was produced in an animal but fails to set forth any further protein characteristics. How does the protein in claim 27 differ from the protein in claim 15? Refer to M.P.E.P. § 608.01(n).

### 35 U.S.C. § 112, First Paragraph

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. § 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

### Written Description

Claims 15-21, 23, 24, and 26-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. In re Rasmussen, 650 F.2d 1212, 211 U.S.P.Q. 323 (C.C.P.A. 1981). In re Wertheim, 541 F.2d 257, 191 U.S.P.Q. 90 (C.C.P.A. 1976). In re Rochester, 358 F.3d 916, 69 U.S.P.Q.2d 1886 (C.A.F.C. 2004). To satisfy the written description requirement, a patent specification must describe the claimed invention in sufficient detail that one skilled in the art can reasonably conclude that the inventor had possession of the claimed invention. See, e.g., Vas-Cath, Inc., v. Mahurkar, 935 F.2d at 1563, 19 U.S.P.Q.2d at 1116. The issue raised in this application is whether the original application provides adequate support for the broadly claimed genus of "CD40-binding polypeptides". An applicant shows possession of the claimed invention by describing the claimed invention with all of its limitations using such descriptive means

as words, structures, figures, diagrams, and formulas that fully set forth the claimed invention. Lockwood v. American Airlines, Inc., 107 F.3d 1565, 1572, 41 U.S.P.Q.2d 1961, 1966 (Fed. Cir. 1997). The claimed invention as a whole may not be adequately described where an invention is described solely in terms of a method of its making coupled with its function and there is no described or art-recognized correlation or relationship between the structure of the invention and its function. A biomolecule sequence described only by functional characteristic, without any known or disclosed correlation between that function and the structure of normally is not a sufficient identifying characteristic for written description purposes, accompanied by a method of obtaining the biomolecule of interest. In re Bell, 991 F.2d 781, 26 U.S.P.Q.2d 1529 (Fed. Cir. 1993). In re Deuel, 51 F.3d 1552, 34 U.S.P.Q.2d 1210 (Fed. Cir. 1995). A lack of adequate written description issue also arises if the knowledge and level of skill in the art would not permit one skilled in the art to immediately envisage the product claimed from the disclosed process. See, e.g., Fujikawa v. Wattanasin, 93 F.3d 1559, 1571, 39 U.S.P.Q.2d 1895, 1905 (Fed. Cir. 1995). The court noted in this decision that a "laundry list" disclosure of every possible moiety does not constitute a written description of every species in a genus because it would not reasonably lead those skilled in the art to any particular species.

An applicant may show possession of an invention by disclosure of drawings or structural chemical formulas that are sufficiently detailed to show that applicant was in possession of the claimed invention as a whole. An applicant may also show that an invention is complete by disclosure of sufficiently detailed, relevant identifying characteristics which provide evidence that applicant was in possession of the claimed invention, i.e., complete or partial structure, other physical and/or chemical properties,

functional characteristics when coupled with a known or disclosed correlation between function and structure, or some combination of such characteristics. For some biomolecules, examples identifying characteristics include a nucleotide or amino acid sequence, chemical structure, binding affinity, binding specificity, and molecular weight. The written description requirement may be satisfied through disclosure of function and minimal structure when there is a well-established correlation between structure and function. Without such a correlation, the capability to recognize or understand the structure form the mere recitation of function and minimal structure is highly unlikely. In the latter case, disclosure of function alone is little more than a wish for possession; it does not satisfy the written description requirement. Regents of the University of California v. Eli Lilly, 119 F.3d 1559, 1566, 43 U.S.P.Q.2d 1398, 1404, 1406 (Fed. Cir. 1997), cert. denied, 523 U.S. 1089 (1998). Wilder, 736 F.2d 1516, 1521, 222 U.S.P.Q. 369, 372-3 (Fed. Cir. 1984). Factors to be considered in determining whether there is sufficient evidence of possession include the level of skill andknowledge in the art, partial structure, physical chemical properties, functional characteristics alone or coupled with a known or disclosed correlation between structure and function, and the method of making the claimed invention.

The claim of the instant application is broadly directed toward any CD40-binding polypeptide. However, said polypeptides bust not only be capable of binding to CD40, but they must also facilitate the activation of lymphocytes after fusion protein binding. The disclosure only describes a small number of molecules that accomplish this feat (e.g., CD154, specific ScFv). However, the disclosure fails to disclose any other suitable molecules. Accordingly, the skilled artisan would reasonably conclude that applicants were only in possession of those binding peptides

clearly identified in the specification.

#### Correspondence

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Jeffrey S. Parkin, Ph.D., whose telephone number is (571) 272-0908. The examiner can normally be reached Monday through Thursday from 10:30 AM to 9:00 PM. A message may be left on the examiner's voice mail service. If attempts to reach the examiner are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James C. Housel, can be reached at (571) 272-0902. Direct general status inquiries to the Technology Center 1600 receptionist at (571) 272-1600. Formal communications may be submitted through the official facsimile number which is (703) 872-9306. Hand-carried formal communications should be directed toward the customer window located in Crystal Plaza Two, 2011 South Clark Place, Arlington, VA. Applicants are directed toward the O.G. Notice for further guidance. 1280 O.G. 681. Informal communications may be submitted to the Examiner's RightFAX account at (571) 273-0908.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Respectfully,

Jeffrey S. Parkin, Ph.D.

Primary Examiner Art Unit 1648

12 November, 2004